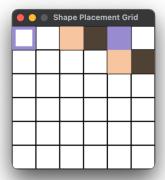
Shapeshifting Coloring Problems

Model Al Assignments, EAAI 2025

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In this assignment, you are given a PyGame environment (in the gridgame.py file) that renders a randomly initialized $n \times n$ grid, with some cells pre-filled with one of four colors. Your goal is to build an AI agent that solves a coloring problem over this grid (see pages 2 and 3 for constraints), such that no two cells that share an edge have the same color.



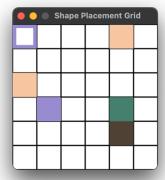
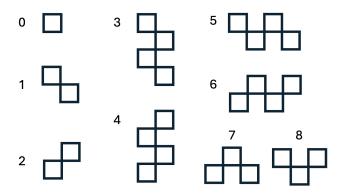


Figure 1: Examples of Initial Configurations

Your agent will attempt to fill the environment by moving a virtual 'brush' over this grid and placing colored shapes, where the shape of the brush can be cycled through the following choices (numbered 0-8):



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Additionally, each brush can be cycled through one of four colors¹ (numbered 0-3).



Your agent **must** interact with the environment using the <code>execute()</code> function called from within the <code>hw1.py</code> file, with the following argument options (passed as strings):

- export: returns the current state of the grid, a list of shapes with positions and colors currently placed on the grid, and a Boolean indicating whether the coloring constraints have been satisfied.
- up/down/left/right: move the brush in the specified direction by one cell. The brush starts in the top left corner of the grid when the program is executed.
- place: place a shape on the grid, i.e. color the cells covered by the brush in the currently selected brush color.
- switchshape: cycle to the next brush shape option.
- switchcolor: cycle to the next brush color option.
- undo: undo the last placed shape.

Running the execute() function with any argument returns six items:

Variable	Data	Description
shapePos	Brush Position	Current location of the
		brush, (X, Y coordinates)
		list of size 2
currentShapeIndex	Current Shape Index	Index of the currently
		selected shape, int
currentColorIndex	Current Color Index	Index of the currently
		selected color, int
grid	Grid State	Updated state of
		the $(n \times n \text{ grid})$,
		$ exttt{np.array}$ (shape $n imes n$)
placedShapes	Placed Shapes	List of shapes already placed
		on the grid, list(int)
done	Coloring Constraints Satisfied?	Boolean indicating if coloring
		constraints are met, bool

Table 1: Summary of Data in the Shapeshifting Coloring Environment

If, despite our best efforts, the color choices here pose accessibility concerns, they may be edited in the gridgame.py file.

Your Task

Your goal is to build an AI agent that colors this grid using as few colors as possible, such that no two adjacent cells share the same color. Further, your goal is to achieve this coloring using as few shapes and colors as possible - a larger brush may cover multiple cells, but counts as one shape. You may use any of the concepts we have discussed in class so far to implement your agent, but we highly recommend using a local search approach such as hill climbing, simulated annealing or genetic algorithms to get the most out of this assignment. Refer to hw1.py for implementation-specific instructions.

Recall that a local search may not always converge to the 'optimal' coloring; so this assignment is graded on correctness, rather than optimality. Any implementation which follows all the rules specified below and on average, leads to a valid coloring of the grid within the autograder's time limits will receive full points.

Environment Rules: Adjacent cells are defined as cells that share an edge between them (i.e., diagonally neighboring cells may share the same color, since they only share a vertex). If a brush partially or fully overlaps with an area of the grid that is already colored, the execute function with the place argument will fail, i.e. the colors in those cells will not be overwritten.

The environment is built as a Python class. You are only allowed to interact with the environment with the .execute() method. Do not use any other method from the class to modify any variables in the class. Moreover, you can use some of the utility functions to help you write your solution. Feel free to change the arguments for the constructor to make the exercise harder or easier.

Assignment Rules: Any hardcoded solutions, or attempts to leverage the autograder's design to maximize points scored will result in an automatic zero on the assignment. Your agent **must** only use the <code>execute()</code> function to interact with the environment using its different arguments, and use its returned values to implement your objective function, or any validity check you may wish to use. Do not directly manipulate the <code>gridgame</code> variables - doing so will result in an automatic zero. Treating the environment as a black box (even when you know its internals) is a very important concept, and will serve you well in future assignments, as well as in your Al careers. Implementations must be optimized for good runtime - Gradescope has an autograder timeout of 10 minutes. Any submissions that do not finish executing in 10 minutes will be treated as incomplete, and will be evaluated for partial credit based on correctness.

Submission: Upload your completed hw1.py file, and the provided gridgame.py file to Gradescope, and ensure the autograder testcases run as intended with no errors. Please make sure you do not rename the files, or zip a directory containing the files; upload the two files directly to Gradescope instead.